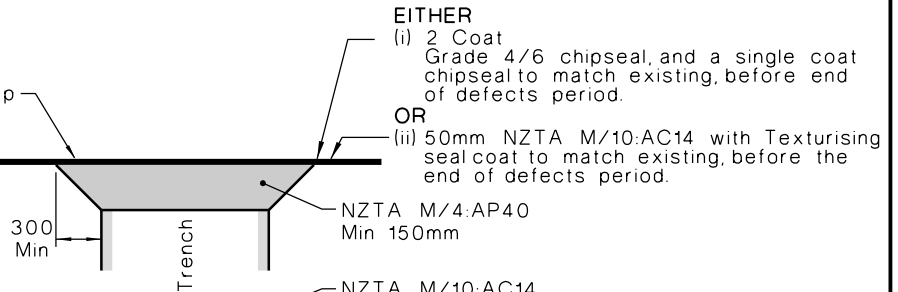
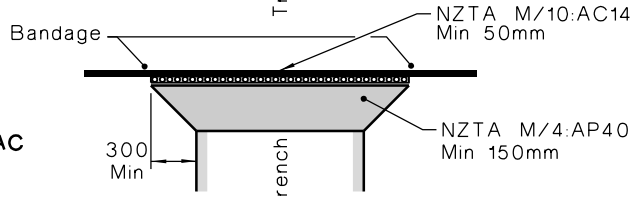


Type C1
Existing Chipseal

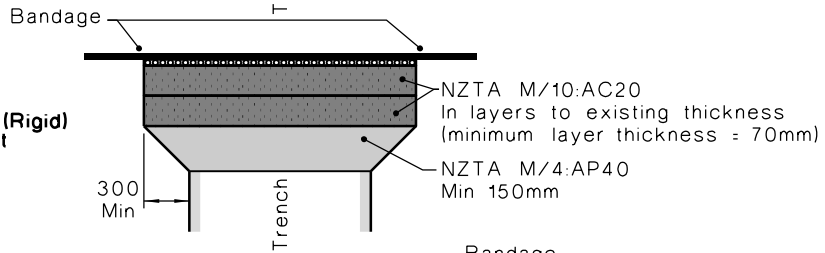
100mm max overlap with grade 6 chip



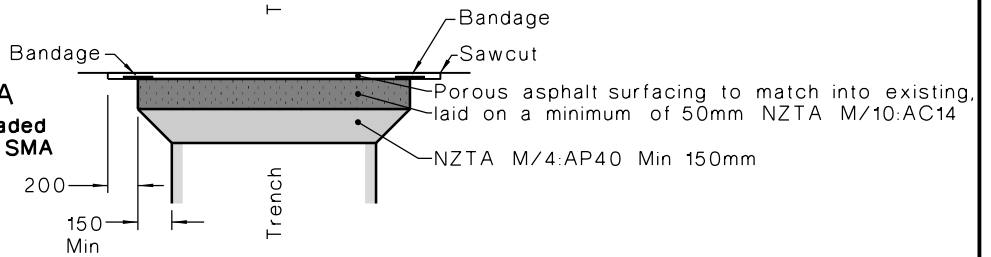
Type C2
Existing Thin AC



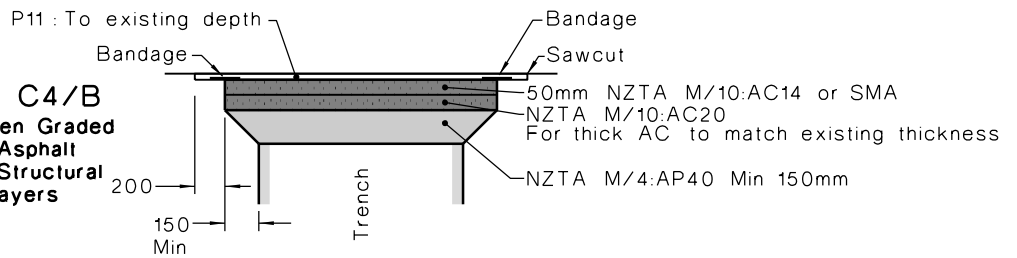
Type C3
Existing Structural (Rigid) AC Pavement



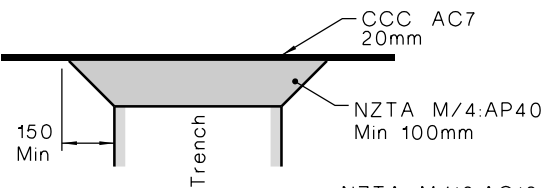
Type C4/A
Existing Open Graded Porous Asphalt or SMA



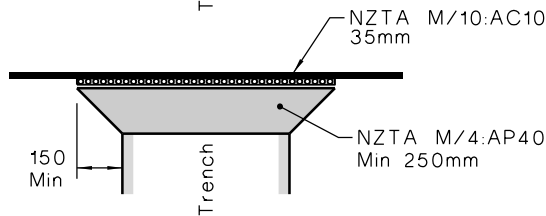
Type C4/B
Existing Open Graded Porous Asphalt or SMA - Structural (rigid) layers



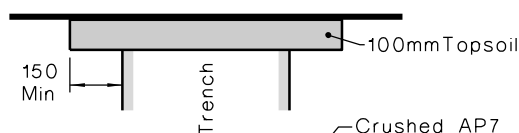
Type F1
Standard Footpath / Residential Crossing



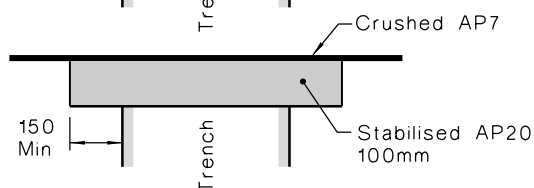
Type F2
Commercial Crossing

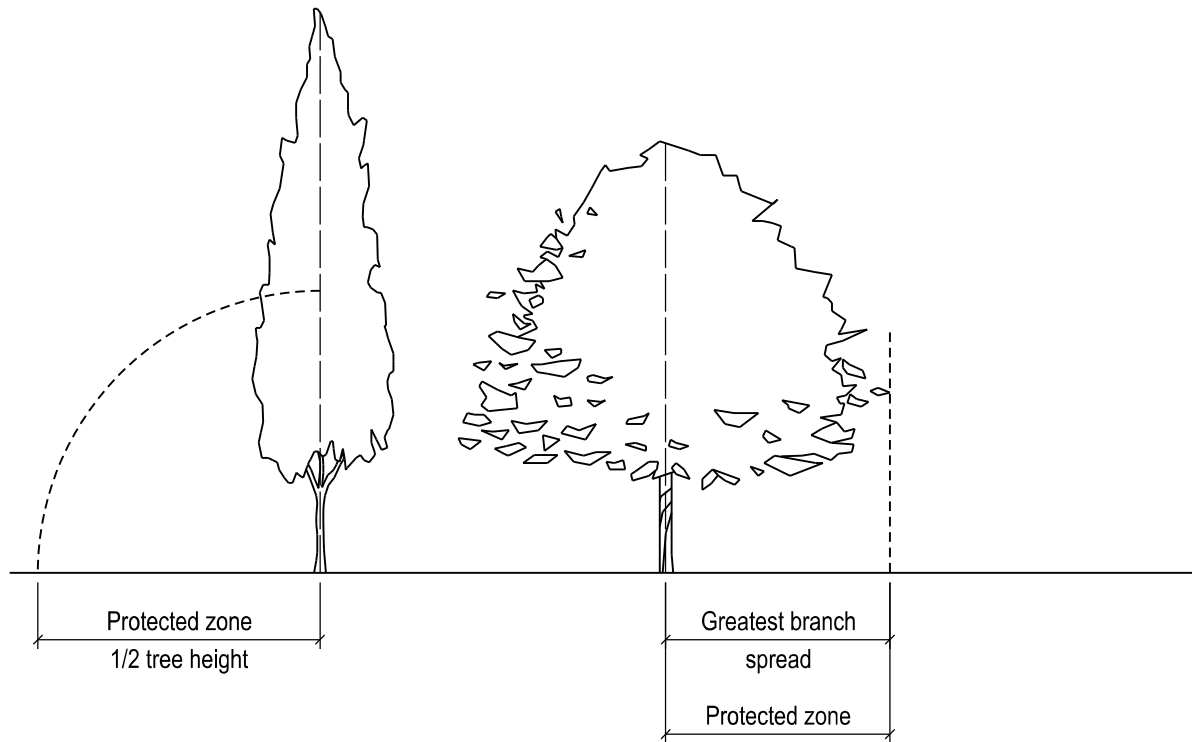


Type F3
Grass Berms



Type F4
Gritted Berms





NOTES:

- 1) The protected zone distance is defined as the outer extent of the branch spread **OR** half the height of the tree. Use whichever is the greater of the two measurements.
- 2) With irregular shaped trees (e.g. leaning trees), the dripline is calculated by taking the greatest radial spread of the canopy from the trunk in a full circle around the tree.
- 3) All requirements of CSS Part 1, clause 22.0 Protection of Natural Assets and Habitats must be followed.

