# Walking school bus **Guide**

## Walk the route yourself first

All walking school bus drivers should walk the route together first, identifying the safest crossing points and any hazards along the way. Ask your school community travel advisor to come along and walk the route with you.



#### **Hazards**

- Everyone needs to be on the lookout for driveways where a driver does not have a clear view of pedestrians on the footpath.
- Remind children not to pat dogs they encounter along the way. Ask your school to book our free Dog Smart Education Programme.
- High visibility clothing makes children more visible to motorists.
   Child-size fluorescent hi-vis vests are a great option.

## **Adult roles**

one driver.

- Each bus needs a coordinator to liaise between the school and the parent volunteers, and to act as a contact person in emergencies, such as a designated driver falling sick.
- The drivers make sure the children walk to and from school safely along the set route. Having one driver at the front of the bus and another at the back is ideal.

  Smaller buses may need only

# Walking on the bus

- Have the youngest, slowest children at the front of the bus, setting the pace. Don't allow other children to get ahead or straggle behind.
- Children can use their kick scooters on the walking school bus, if the supervisor
  of the bus allows this, and it is safe to do so. Bikes are not to be used as they
  shouldn't be ridden on the footpath
- Walk on the pavement away from the kerb.
- Toys like balls can be distracting and cause safety issues leave them at home.
- If you're not at a pedestrian crossing but a courteous driver stops to let you cross the road, it is safer to wait and wave the stopped vehicle on.
- Cross away from parked cars. Gather the children around you away from the kerb until it is safe to cross. Always cross any street in one group.
- Identify safe walking school bus stops (collection and drop-off points) for children joining the bus along the route. Children should be accompanied by their parents to this point they are responsible for their child to and from the bus stop. You should not leave your group to help another child across the road.

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## Ratio of drivers to children

This can vary depending on the road environment and the age of the children. One adult to six children is about right – but depending on how quiet and safe your route is, the number of children can increase. Older children can help out, and be called junior walking school bus drivers, but should not run a walking school bus by themselves.



## Teach safe behaviour

- Children learn by observation. They model their behaviour on what they see adults do, and it's important that walking school bus drivers set a good example.
- Remember that they don't see the world as adults do they're shorter and their eyesight is not fully developed. Teach them what to look for when they look right and left.
- Young children often cannot judge the speed of an approaching vehicle. Encourage
  children to participate in the decision-making as to when to cross the road, but make
  sure they understand that you make the final decision.

## **Contingencies**

- Share contact details. Each family should be provided with a roster containing
  the contact details of all the participants. Drivers can have the numbers of the
  school and their Walking School Bus coordinator among their contacts.
- Have back-up drivers in case of illness, or other problems who the coordinator
  can call on. that the coordinator can call upon. This avoids having to contact
  all the other families to inform them that the bus is cancelled that day, and
  someone potentially missing the message.
- Make sure the wet weather plan is consistent and that all the families know it. If children have the right wet weather gear it is possible to walk on all but the most stormy days.
- Decide beforehand how disciplinary issues will be handled, to ensure children are safe and to help avoid misunderstandings among parents.

# **Staying enthusiastic**

- To avoid volunteer burnout, decide on a lifespan for the walking school bus. This
  can be extended, but the ongoing need and enthusiasm for the bus should
  regularly be assessed.
- Small rewards can keep enthusiasm alive and reinforce good behaviour. Consider theme days, like a decorated sunhat competition.
- Take the opportunity to notice the ever-changing environment of your route to school. Walking to and from school isn't just a journey, it should also be an adventure.

